



Charging and Remissions Policy

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Rationale

The School acknowledges that it has a responsibility to provide a variety of curricular and extracurricular opportunities for all students regardless of family financial circumstances. This policy may be read in conjunction with DfE documentation 'Charging for school activities' and Council for Learning Outside the Classroom Charging Policy.

Terms of reference

This policy statement has been formulated in accordance with DfE guidance on: charging for school activities.

Aim:

The aim of this policy is to set out what charges will be levied for activities, what remissions will be implemented and the circumstances under which voluntary contributions will be requested from parents. In order to do this the School will

- Make it clear to parents when an activity cannot be funded without voluntary contributions.
- Seek voluntary contributions from Parents when necessary to enable pupil excursions to be organised.
- Put parents under no pressure to make contributions.
- Assist individual families in cases of hardship where possible to do so.
- Ensure confidentiality and treat students in the same way regardless of whether or not their parents have made a contribution.
- Request a contribution towards repair or replacement where damage has occurred as a result of unacceptable student behaviour.

Principles agreed by the Governors

- Parents will be invited to make voluntary contributions towards any part of the School's work that is offered as an extension to the normal curriculum provision.
- A charge may be made for activities that are provided wholly or mainly outside school hours, as long as these activities are optional extras.
- A charge may be made for board and lodging on residential courses.
- When it is legal and considered appropriate, associated staff cover costs will be reflected in the cost of the trip. In such cases, these costs will be kept to a minimum and parents will be told that cover costs have been included
- No child should be excluded from an activity simply because his or her parents are unwilling or unable to pay. If insufficient voluntary contributions are raised to fund a visit, then it must be cancelled. We will make sure that we make this clear to parents. If a parent is unwilling or unable to pay, their child must still be given an equal chance to go on the visit. We will make it clear to parents at the outset what our policy for allocating places on school visits will be.
- The cost of accompanying supervisory adults will be met by the voluntary contributions from parents, unless these are members of the school staff, or volunteers.
- An extra-curricular activity should be self-financing and non-profit making.
- If a trip account shows a substantial balance once all payments have been cleared, a refund will be offered to all paying participants in equal shares. Small balances will be transferred to the trip contingency fund

- The interests of the school community as a whole should determine the development of procedures and practices within the Charging and Remissions Policy
- The Charging and Remissions Policy should operate in a way consistent with, and complementary to, other relevant school policies e.g. Equal Opportunities and reflect the spirit of the Disability and Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001

School charging

Education

School governing bodies and local authorities, cannot charge for:

- an admission application to any state funded school - paragraph 1.9 (n) of the 'School Admissions Code 2012' rules out requests for financial contributions as any part of the admissions process;
- education provided during school hours (including the supply of any materials, books, instruments or other equipment);
- education provided outside school hours if it is part of the national curriculum¹, or part of a syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school, or part of religious education;
- instrumental or vocal tuition, for pupils learning individually or in groups, unless the tuition is provided at the request of the pupil's parent;
- entry for a prescribed public examination, if the pupil has been prepared for it at the school; and
- examination re-sit(s) if the pupil is being prepared for the re-sit(s) at the school².

Schools and local authorities can charge for:

- any materials, books, instruments, or equipment, where the child's parent wishes him/her to own them;
- optional extras (see page below);
- music and vocal tuition, in limited circumstances (see page 6);
- certain early years provision³;
- community facilities⁴.

Optional extras

Charges may be made for some activities that are known as 'optional extras'. Where an optional extra is being provided, a charge can be made for providing materials, books, instruments, or equipment. Optional extras are:

- education provided outside of school time that is not:
 - a) part of the national curriculum;
 - b) part of a syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school; or
 - c) part of religious education.

- examination entry fee(s) if the registered pupil has not been prepared for the examination(s) at the school;
- transport (other than transport that is required to take the pupil to school or to other premises where the local authority/governing body have arranged for the pupil to be provided with education);
- board and lodging for a pupil on a residential visit;
- extended day services offered to pupils (for example breakfast club, after-school clubs, tea and supervised homework sessions).

In calculating the cost of optional extras an amount may be included in relation to: • any materials, books, instruments, or equipment provided in connection with the optional extra;

- the cost of buildings and accommodation;
- non-teaching staff;
- teaching staff engaged under contracts for services purely to provide an optional extra, this includes supply teachers engaged specifically to provide the optional extra; and
- the cost, or an appropriate proportion of the costs, for teaching staff employed to provide tuition in playing a musical instrument, or vocal tuition, where the tuition is an optional extra.

Any charge made in respect of individual pupils must not exceed the actual cost of providing the optional extra activity, divided equally by the number of pupils participating. It must not therefore include an element of subsidy for any other pupils wishing to participate in the activity whose parents are unwilling or unable to pay the full charge.

Furthermore in cases where a small proportion of the activity takes place during school hours the charge cannot include the cost of alternative provision for those pupils who do not wish to participate. Therefore no charge can be made for supply teachers to cover for those teachers who are absent from school accompanying pupils on a residential visit.

Participation in any optional extra activity will be on the basis of parental choice and a willingness to meet the charges. Parental agreement is therefore a necessary prerequisite for the provision of an optional extra where charges will be made.

Voluntary contributions

Nothing in legislation prevents a school governing body or local authority from asking for voluntary contributions for the benefit of the school or any school activities. However, if the activity cannot be funded without voluntary contributions, the governing body or head teacher should make this clear to parents at the outset. The governing body or head teacher must also make it clear to parents that there is no obligation to make any contribution.

It is important to note that no child should be excluded from an activity simply because his or her parents are unwilling or unable to pay. If insufficient voluntary contributions are raised to fund a visit, or the school cannot fund it from some other source, then it must be cancelled.

Schools must ensure that they make this clear to parents. If a parent is unwilling or unable to pay, their child must still be given an equal chance to go on the visit. Schools should make it clear to parents at the outset what their policy for allocating places on school visits will be.

When making requests for voluntary contributions, parents must not be made to feel pressurised into paying as it is voluntary and not compulsory. Schools should avoid sending colour coded letters to parents as a reminder to make payments and direct debit or standing order mandates should not be sent to parents when requesting contributions.

Music Tuition

Although the law states that, in general, all education provided during school hours must be free, instrumental and vocal music tuition is an exception to that rule.

The Charges for Music Tuition (England) Regulations 2007 set out the circumstances in which charges can be made for tuition in playing a musical instrument, including vocal tuition. They allow charging for tuition in larger groups than was previously the case.

Charges may now be made for vocal or instrumental tuition provided either individually, or to groups of any size, provided that the tuition is provided at the request of the pupil's parent. Charges may not exceed the cost of the provision, including the cost of the staff who provide the tuition.

The regulations make clear that charging may not be made if the teaching is either an essential part of the national curriculum, or is provided under the first access to the key stage 2 Instrumental and Vocal Tuition Programme. They also make clear that no charge may be made in respect of a pupil who is looked after by a local authority (within the meaning of section 22(l) of the Children Act 1989).

Transport

Schools cannot charge for:

- transporting registered pupils to or from the school premises, where the local education authority has a statutory obligation to provide transport;
- transporting registered pupils to other premises where the governing body or local authority has arranged for pupils to be educated;
- transport that enables a pupil to meet an examination requirement when he has been prepared for that examination at the school; and
- transport provided in connection with an educational visit.

Charging and remissions policies

No charges can be made unless the governing body of the school or local authority has drawn up a charging policy giving details of the optional extras or board and lodging that they intend to charge for, and a remissions policy.

The governing body's policy may be more or less generous than the local authority's, as long as it meets the requirements of the law. A policy statement will take account of each type of activity that can be charged for and explain when charges will be made.

If a charge is to be made for a particular type of activity, for example optional extras, parents need to know how the charge will be worked out and who might qualify for help with the cost (or even get it free). This information should be made available to parents.

The remissions policy must set out any circumstances in which the school or local authority propose to remit (wholly or partly) any charge which would otherwise be payable to them in accordance with their charging policy. For example, a school may decide to provide an Italian language evening class as an optional extra. The governing body may decide to reduce the cost for those children whose parents are in receipt of certain benefits.

Residential visits

Schools cannot charge for:

- education provided on any visit that takes place during school hours;⁵
- education provided on any visit that takes place outside school hours if it is part of the national curriculum, or part of a syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school, or part of religious education;
- supply teachers to cover for those teachers who are absent from school accompanying pupils on a residential visit.

Schools can charge for:

- board and lodging and the charge must not exceed the actual cost.

When a school informs parents about a forthcoming visit, they should make it clear that parents who can prove they are in receipt of certain benefits will be exempt from paying the cost of board and lodging. The list of benefits to which this applies can be found here.

Please seek guidance on school policies for Learning Outside the Classroom.

Education partly during school hours

Where an activity takes place partly during and partly outside school hours, there is a basis for determining whether it is deemed to take place either inside or outside school hours. However, a charge can only be made for the activity outside school hours if it is not part of the national curriculum, not part of a syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school and not part of religious education.

If 50% or more of the time spent on the activity occurs during school hours, it is deemed to take place during school hours. Time spent on travel counts in this calculation if the travel itself occurs during school hours. School hours do not include the break in the middle of the day.

Where less than 50% of the time spent on an activity falls during school hours, it is deemed to have taken place outside school hours. For example, an excursion might require pupils to leave school an hour before the school day ends, but the activity does not end until late in the evening.

Non-residential activities

If 50% or more of the time spent on the activity occurs during school hours, it is deemed to take place during school hours. Time spent on travel counts in this calculation if the travel itself occurs during school hours. School hours do not include the break in the middle of the day.

Where less than 50% of the time spent on an activity falls during school hours, it is deemed to have taken place outside school hours. For example, an excursion might require pupils to leave school an hour before the school day ends, but the activity does not end until late in the evening.

Residential visits

If the number of school sessions taken up by the visit is equal to or greater than 50% of the number of half days spent on the visit, it is deemed to have taken place during school hours (even if some activities take place late in the evening). Whatever the starting and finishing times of the school day, regulations require that the school day is divided into 2 sessions. A 'half day' means any period of 12 hours ending with noon or midnight on any day.

Example 1

Pupils are away from noon on Wednesday to 9pm on Sunday. This counts as 9 half days including 5 school sessions, so the visit is deemed to have taken place during school hours.

Example 2

Pupils are away from school from noon on Thursday until 9pm on Sunday. This counts as 7 half days including 3 school sessions, so the visit is deemed to have taken place outside school hours.

State boarding schools

Schools can charge for:

- overnight board and lodging providing the charge does not exceed the actual cost;⁶
- extended day services offered to day pupils, for example breakfast clubs, after-school clubs, tea and supervised homework sessions.

Any extended day services for day pupils at state boarding schools, and the associated charges, must be optional. Schools cannot make attendance at and the payment of charges for extended day services compulsory.

Breakfast Provision Membership

A breakfast provision will only be offered if there is sufficient demand and is financially sustainable.

If you do not make payments as per our terms and conditions of membership, the service may be withdrawn.

After School Provision Membership

An after school provision will only be offered if there is sufficient demand and is financially sustainable. If you do not make payments as per our terms and conditions of membership, the service may be withdrawn.

Nursery thirty hours

Our nursery provision offer is reviewed and updated annually. Children attending our nursery for a 30-hour placement receive their 30 hours between 8.30am and 2.30pm. Parents eligible for their child to receive 30-hours nursery provision have the option to extend their child's school day from 2.30pm until 3.15pm, in line with school finishing times. There is a charge applicable for this 45-minute taught session at the end of the 6-hour session to allow pupils to stay for the whole school day. If you do not make payments as per our terms and conditions, the wraparound service may be withdrawn.

Form and other ad-hoc requests

We may agree to complete forms and provide documentation such as:

- Disability Living Allowance Applications
- Blue Badge Applications
- Passport Applications
- Ad-hoc letters

There will be a fee applicable for any requests for the above applications to be completed by Old Park Primary School.

All current prices can be found on the school website by following this link: [School website- Price list](#)